Statistics Lecture 1



Feb 19-8:47 AM

www. my math classes. com

- 1) find Zoom link for office hours
- 2) Choose Your course, start exploring.
 - 1) Review the Syllabus
 - 2) Do only the last page
 - 3) Submit that in Canvas.
 - 3) Look for a Section for Study guides and that is where everything is.

You miss anything, there is no make-up

Math. Review:

1) Reduce
$$\frac{175}{120} = \frac{5.15}{5.24} = \frac{5.3}{3.8} = \frac{5}{8}$$

2) Convert .2/. to

a) Decimal .2/. = .2(.01) = .002

b) fraction .2/. = .2 (.01) = $\frac{2}{1000} = \frac{1}{500}$

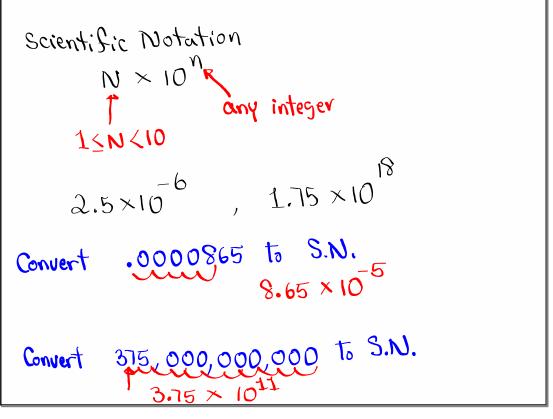
b) fraction .2/. = .2 (.01) = $\frac{2}{1000} = \frac{1}{500}$

3) 4/. of 250 students were left-handed.

How many were left-handed?

4/. of 250 = $\frac{4}{100} = \frac{250}{100} = \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{100}$

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Factorial!
$$0! = 1$$
 $n! = n - 5actorial = 1! = 1$
 $n! = n (n-1)(n-2)(n-3) - 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$
 $4! = 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 24$
 $6! - 5! = 0 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 - 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$
 $= 720 - 120 = 600$

Simplify $7! = 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$

Use your calc to simplify

 $7! = 83 - 8(72) - 34^2 = 576 - 576$
 $7! = 84 - 8(8-1) = 8(7)$

Do not use 9 for 0.

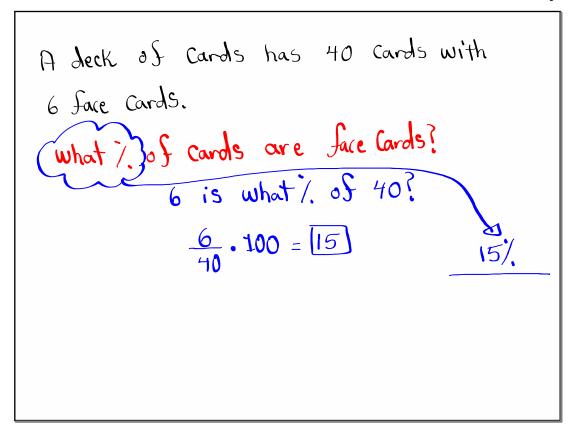
Simplify $\frac{48 - 32}{10} = \frac{16}{5} = \frac{16}{5} = \frac{3}{5} \cdot 2$

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Use Your Calc to Simplify
$$1.96 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{(.8)(.2)}{2.5}} = 1.96 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{.16}{2.5}}$$

$$= 1.96 \cdot \sqrt{.0064}$$

$$= 1.96 \cdot (.08) = \boxed{.1568}$$



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$$y = 2.5x - 20$$

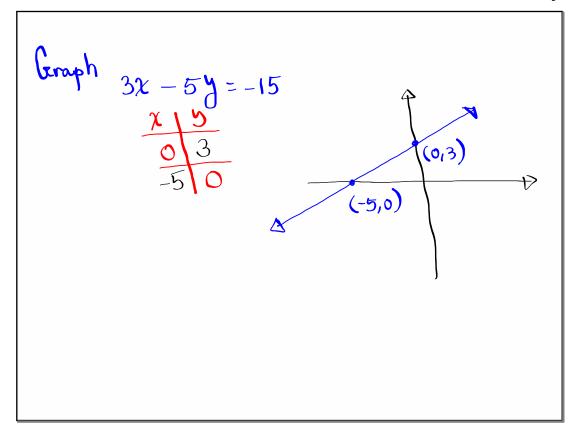
Find y when x is 8?

 $y = 2.5(8) - 20 = 20 - 20 = 0$

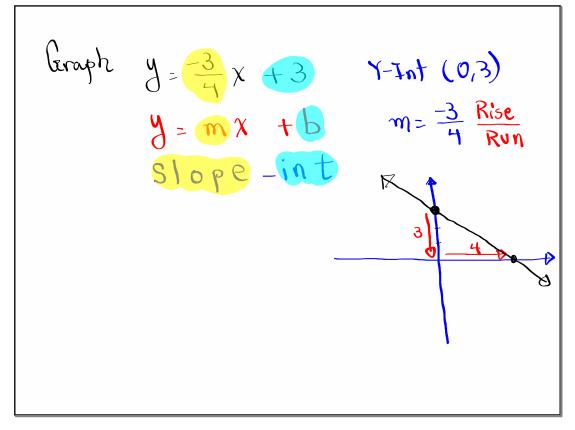
Find x when y is 20 ?

 $20 = 2.5x - 20$
 $20 = 2.5x - 20$
 $20 + 20 = 2.5x$
 $40 = 2.5x$
 $40 = 2.5x$

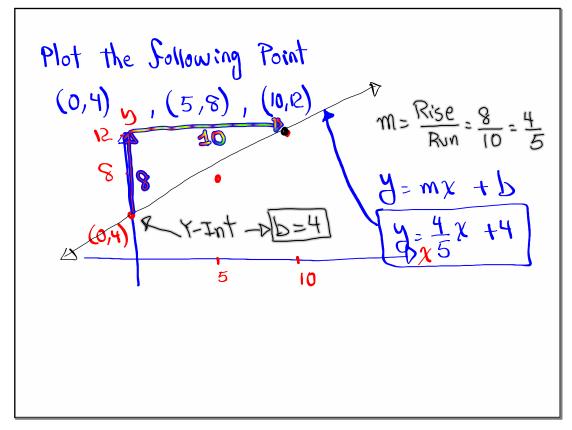
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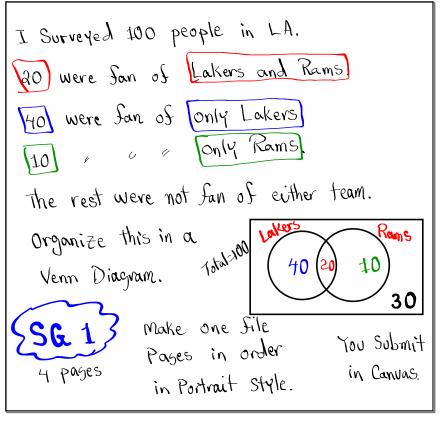
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(SG 2) What is Statistics? It is about Collecting information (data), organize, Summarize, graph, do Certain computations, and draw Conclusion.

Two Branches:

1) Descriptive: working with Collected Lata, graph, computation

a) Inferential: To use descriptive statistic to make meaningful predictions.

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Population => Entire field of interest Keyword: All, every

Sample => Roundomly Selected data from Population Keyword: Sew, randomly Selected Population () Pavameter Sample & Statistic

```
(Non-Numerical)

Data

Data

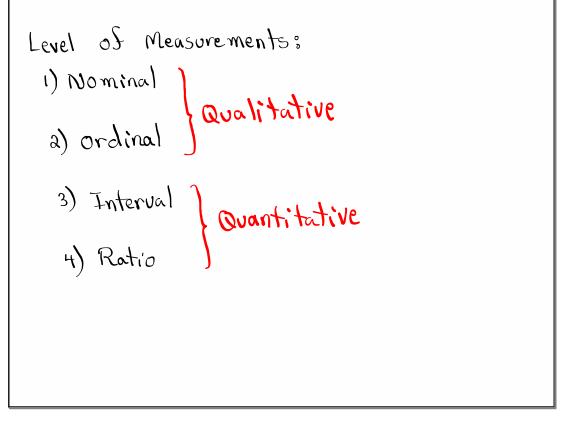
2) Quantitative Amount (1) Discrete "Countable" # of students

(Numerical) Rain (2) Continuous

Measureable

Room temp.
```

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Nominal: No Values, Order is not meaning Sul Colors: Red, white, Blue tes, NO responses

Jersey number on back of players

Ordinal: are mominals but order is very good meaningful good Grades, Movie ratings bad very bad

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Interval: Range of values

Persorm + or - operation.

90-100 - A

80-89 - B

Ratio: Numerical with meaningful Rato

Me. 30 Years Lisa: 10 Years

Ratio 3 to 1

Doctor's Salary Vs Nurse's Salary

Sampling Method:

- 1) Systematic => every Kth item Selected

 They record every 5th Call.

 Every 10th item on assembly

 line Selected For inspection.
- 2) Stratisied! Divide into groups, Select Few From each group 12 Males - D Select 5 males

20 Females - A Select 8 Females

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Select few groups

Collect data from all members of

Selected groups.

College offered 200 Sections of classes

in winter 2024.

40 Sections were randomly selected

All students were asked to do a survey.

At a local univ., I randomly selected

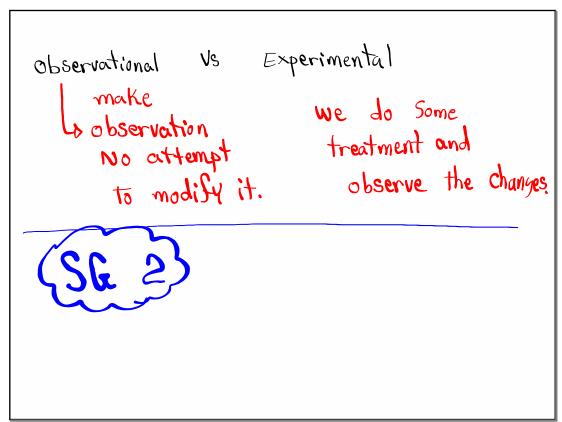
100 Freshmen, 150 Sophmore, 75 jrs., 25 Srs., and

50 graduate students to do a survey.

Random or Convenience

Least Reliable Method to Collect

Data



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Consider the Sample below
$$2, 3, 4, 4, 8$$

1) Sample Size $N = 5$

2) Mir. = 2

Max. = 8

3) Range = Max - Min = $8 - 2 = 6$

4) Midrange = $\frac{Max}{2} + \frac{Min}{2} = \frac{8+2}{2} = 5$

5) Mode = 4

6) $2x = 2 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 8 = 21$

Summation of x

Summation of Jota elements

7) $2x^2 = 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 + 4^2 + 8^2 = 109$

square every Jota element, then add.

8) Compute $\frac{n}{2} = 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 + 4^2 + 8^2 = 109$
 $\frac{104}{20} = \frac{5.2}{5.2}$

9) Tast Answer = $\sqrt{5.2} \approx \frac{2.3}{2.3}$

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Consider the Sample below

1, 3, 3, 3, 5

1)
$$N = 5$$

2) Min.=1 Max.=5

3) Range = Max - Min = H

4) Midrange = $\frac{Max + Min}{2}$

5) $\geq \chi = 1 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 5 = 15$

7) Mode = 3

8) $\geq \chi^2 = 1^2 + 3^2 + 3^2 + 5^2 = 53$

8) $\geq \chi^2 = 1^2 + 3^2 + 3^2 + 5^2 = 53$

9) $n \geq \chi^2 - (\geq \chi)^2$

10) The stranger = $\int 2 \approx 1.4$

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Class Q7 1

- 1) what kind of Calculator do You need for this class? TI-83 or TI-84
- 2) Beside Canuas, what is the name of the website that You can find the Syllabus and Study guides? www. my math classes.com
 - 3) Compute $5^2 5.2$ = 25 - 10 = 15